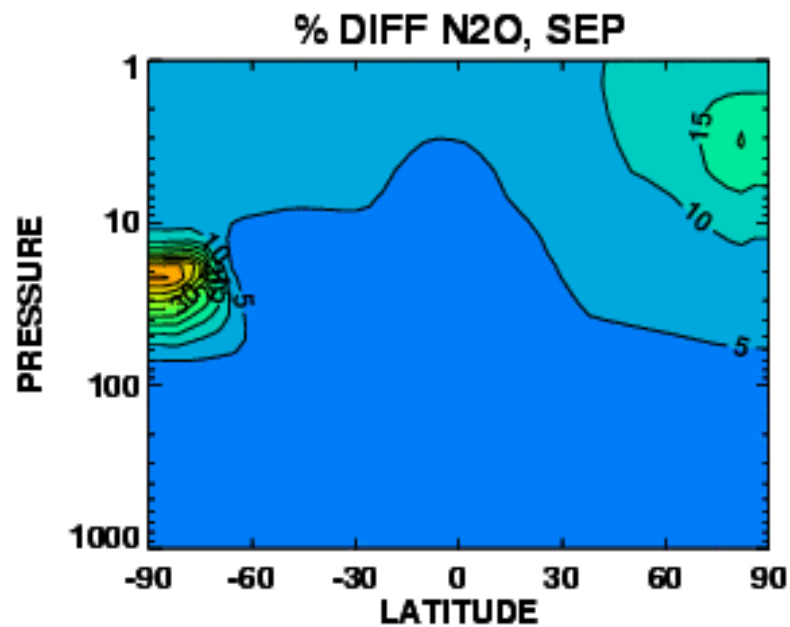
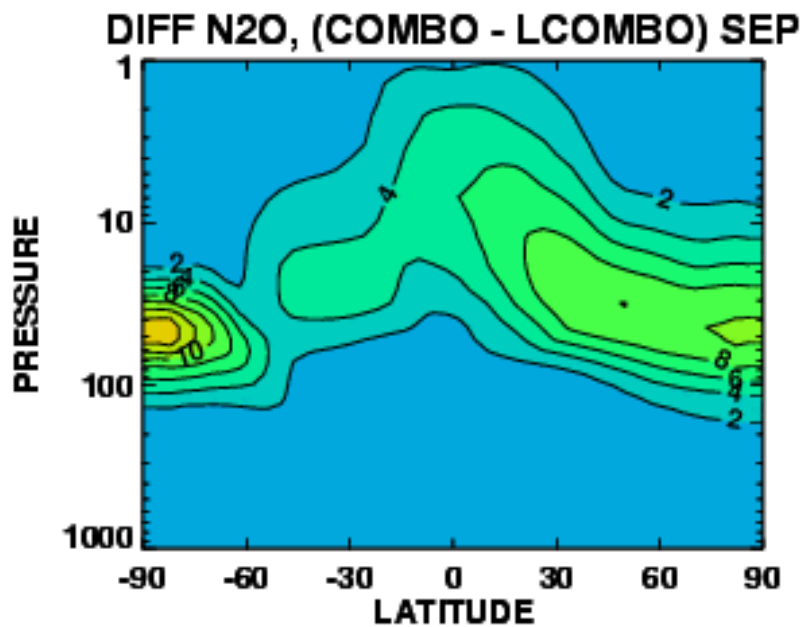
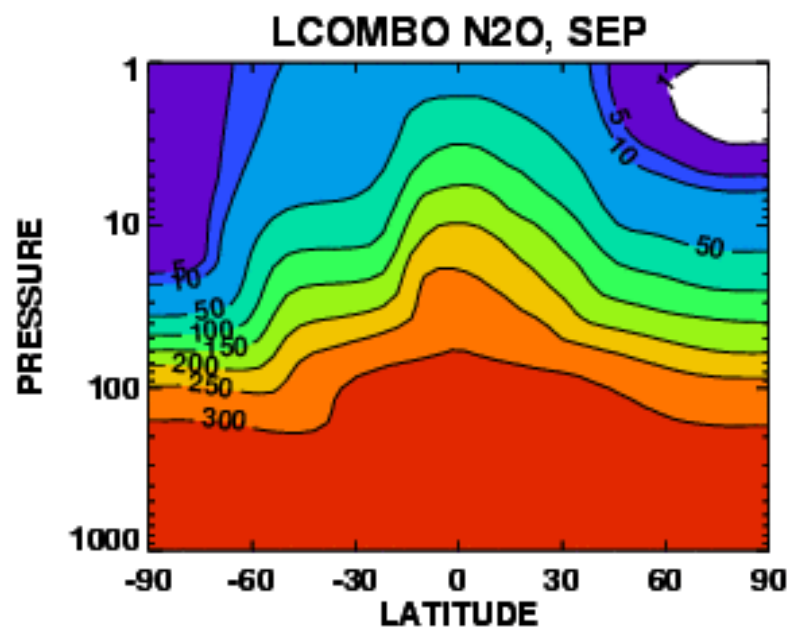
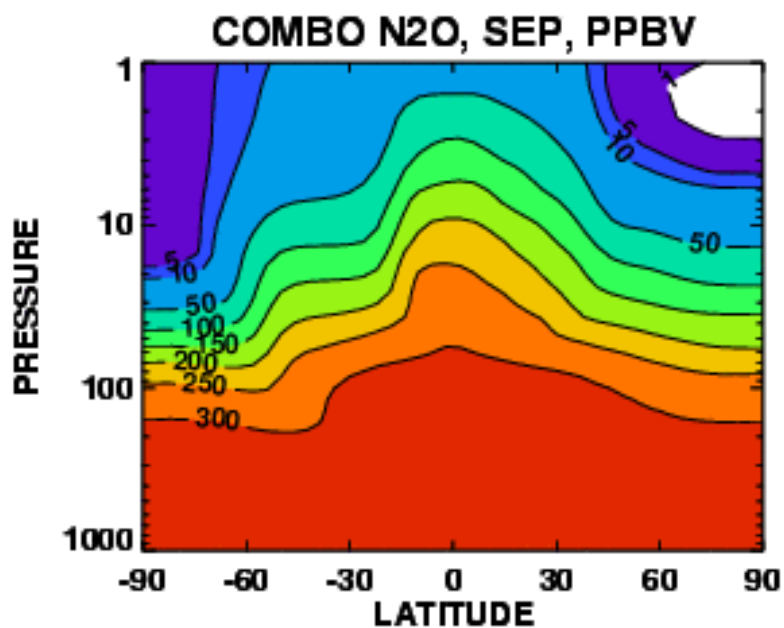


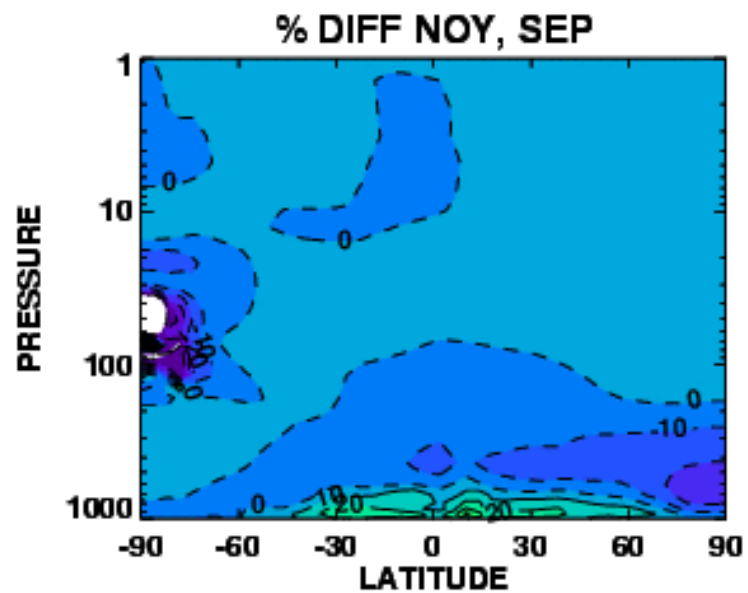
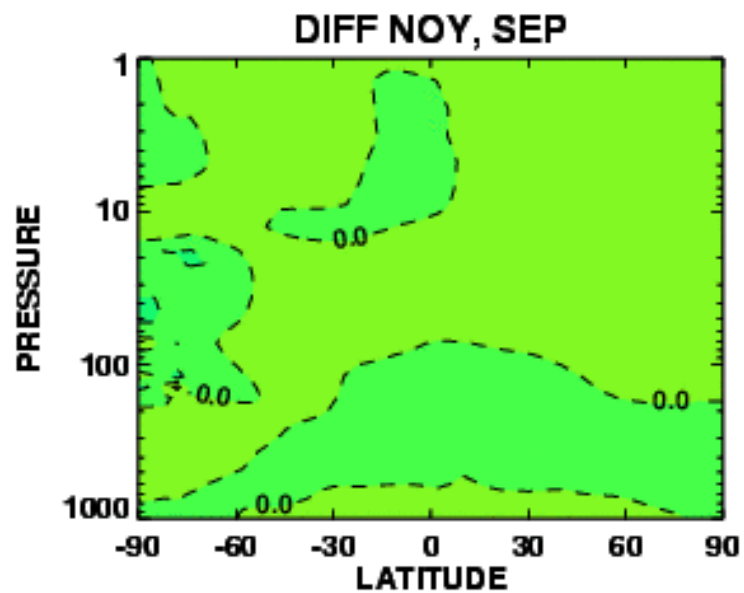
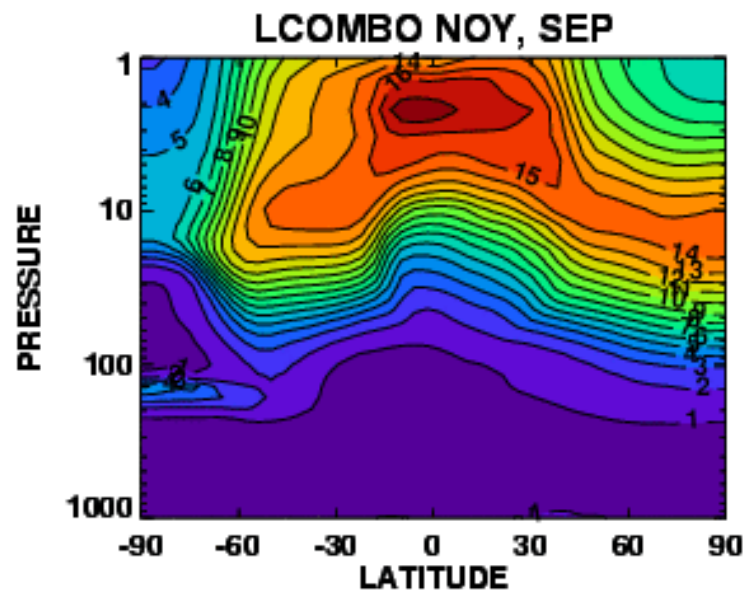
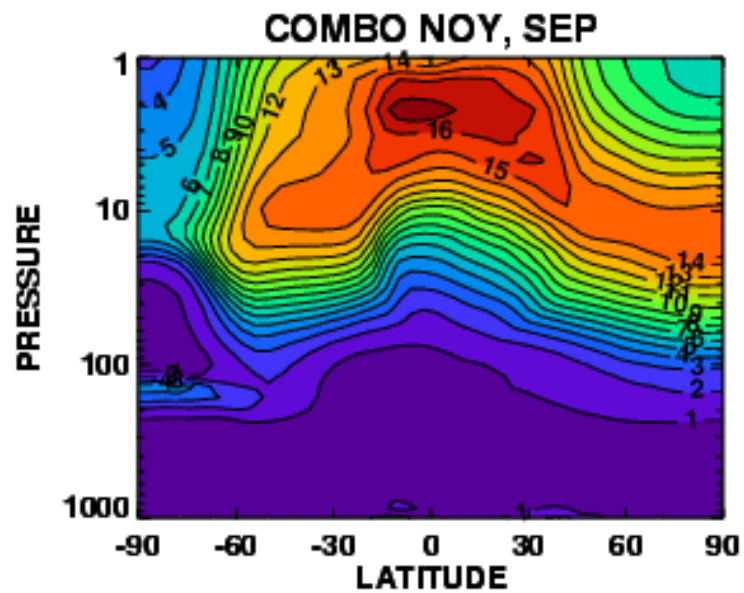
# Langley Chemical Mechanism for the Global Modeling Initiative

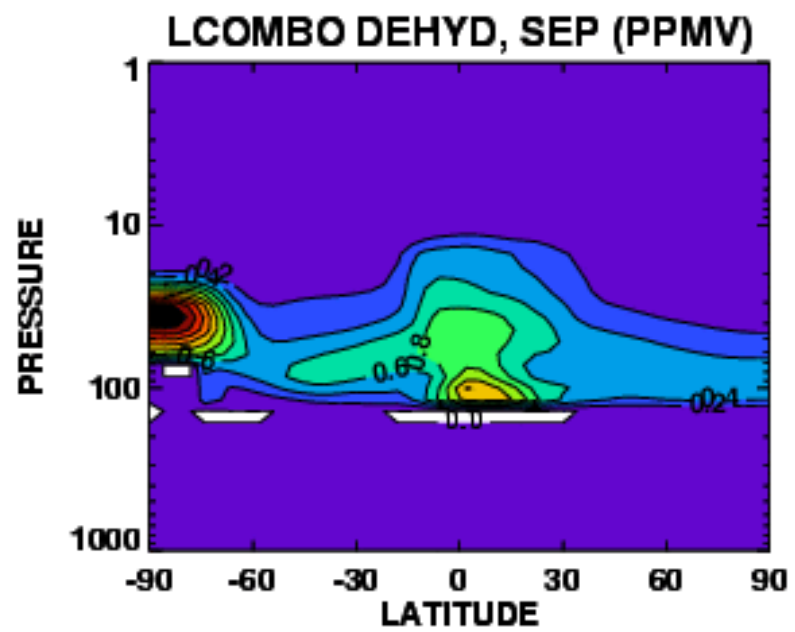
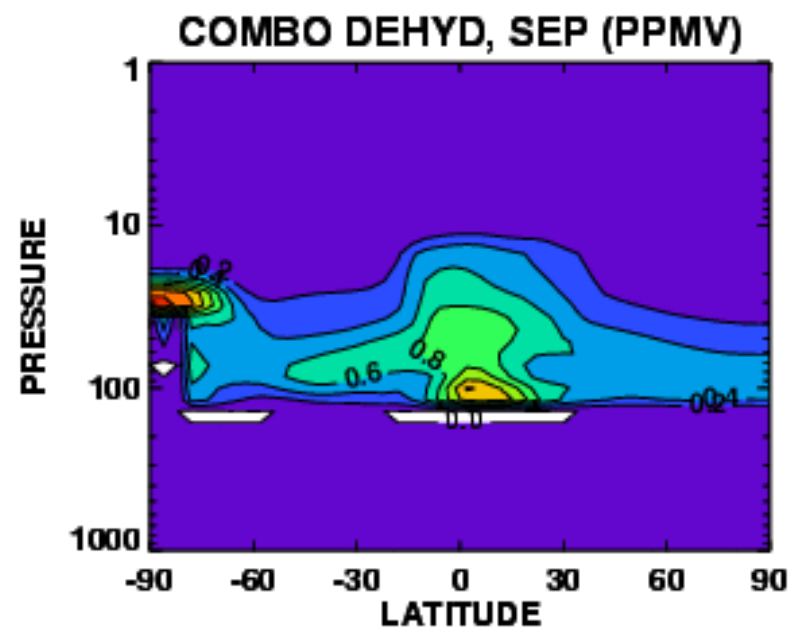
David B. Considine, Murali Natarajan, Jennifer Olson, and Magaret Pippin  
NASA Langley Research Center

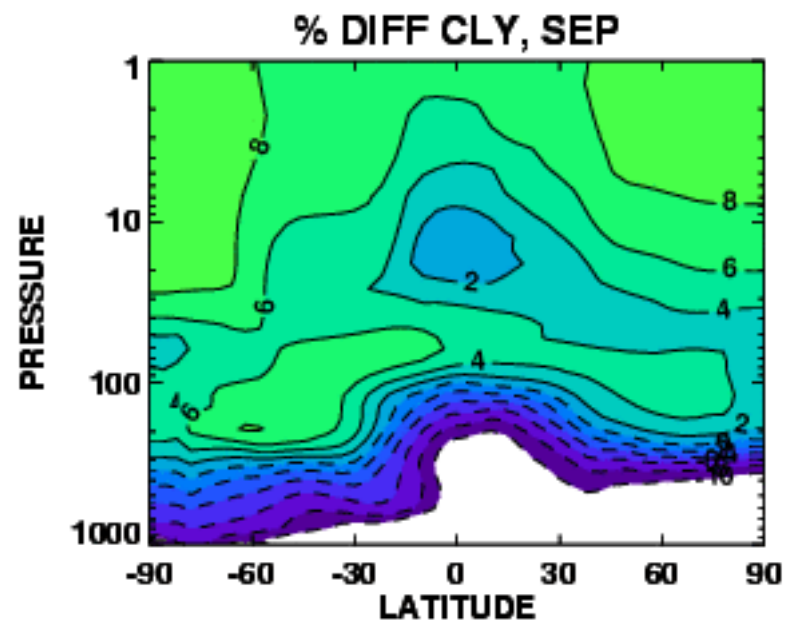
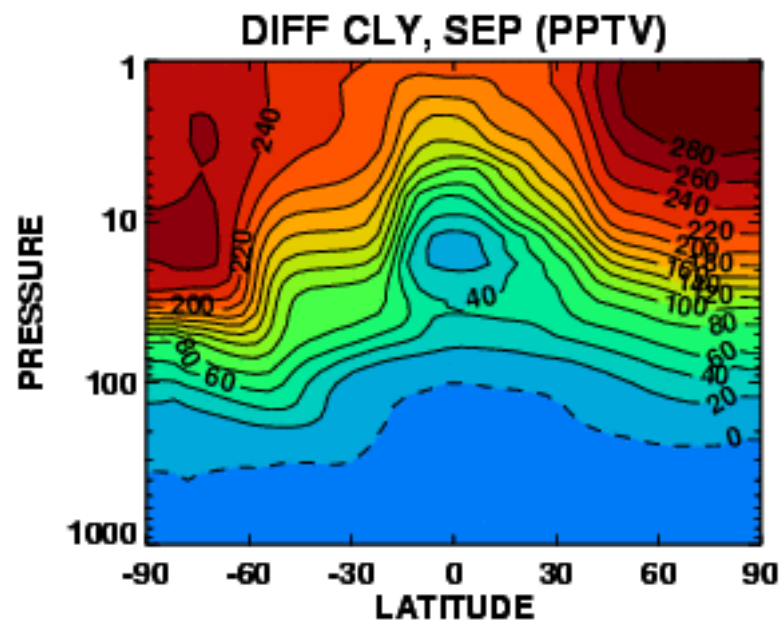
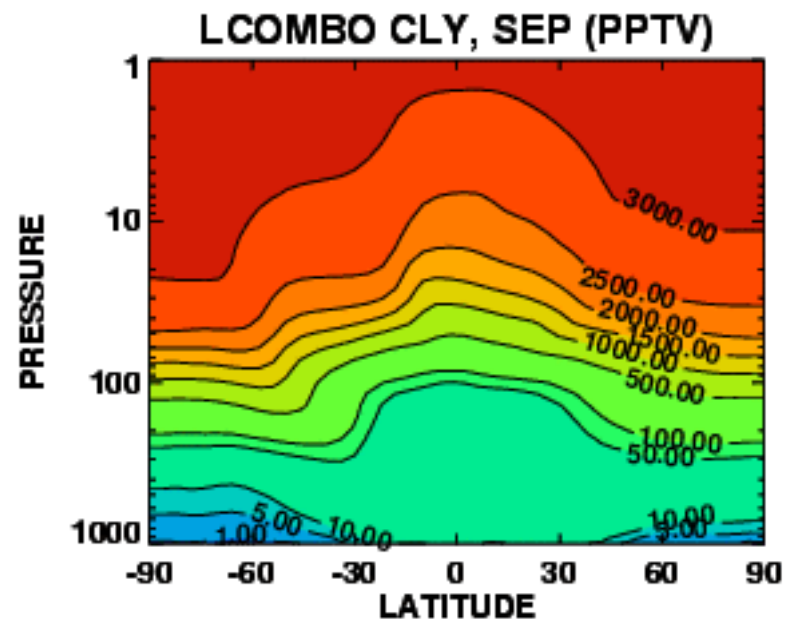
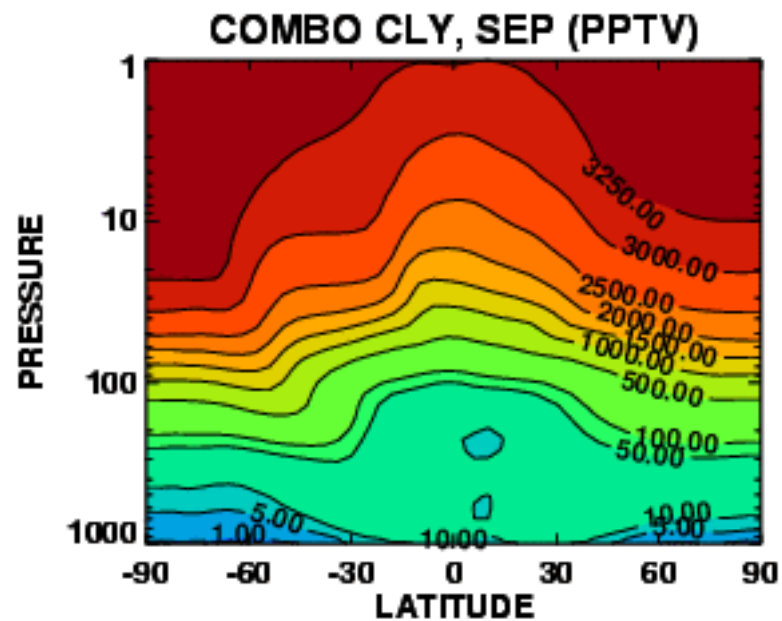
## Progress during last 6 months

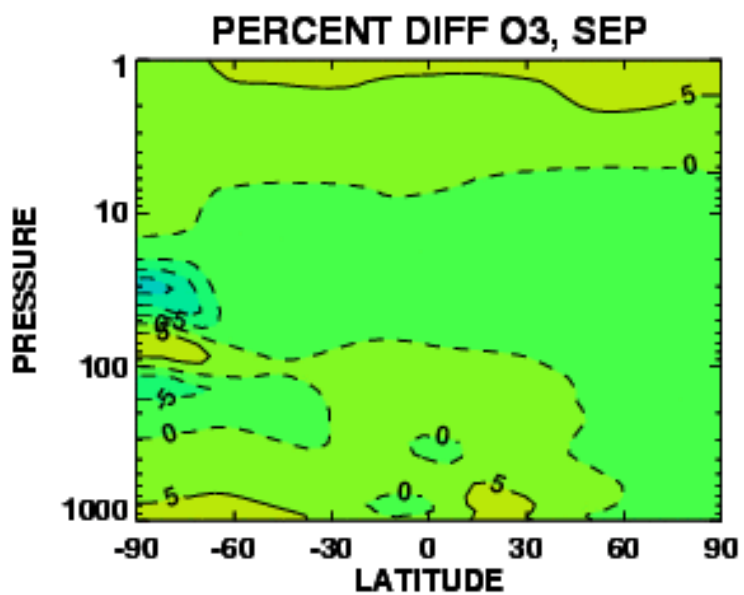
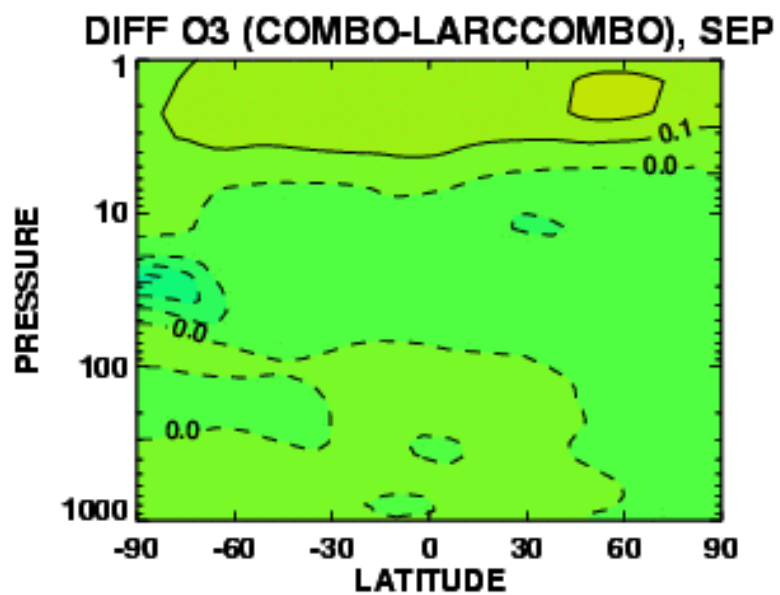
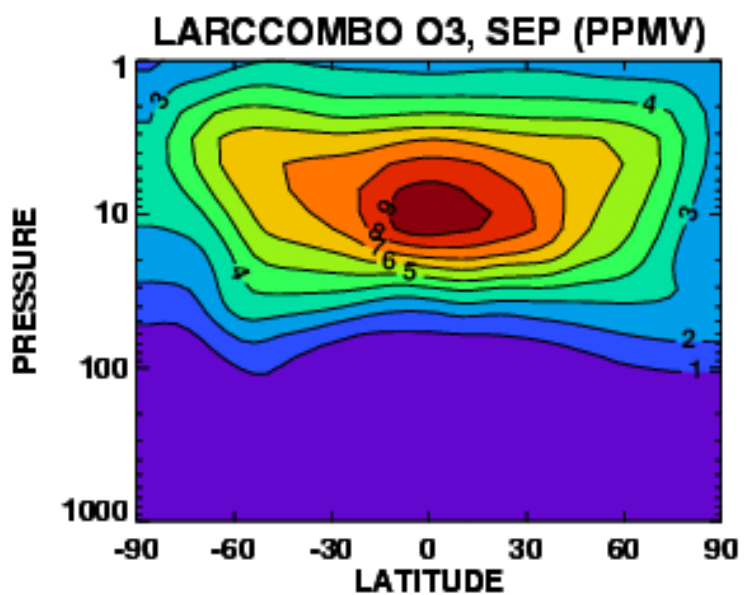
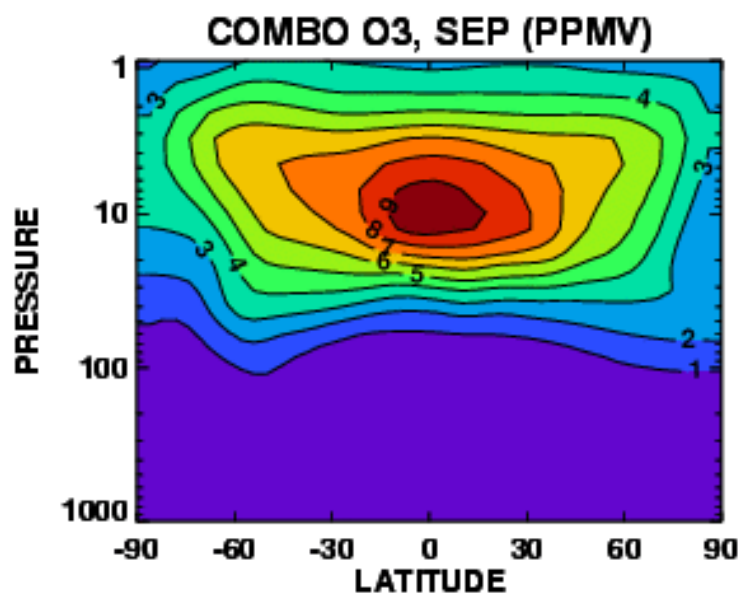
- Problem in LaRC isoprene oxidation mechanism identified:
  - Peroxides from isoprene oxidation lumped in with peroxides from NMHC oxidation caused problems for >C3 alkane species.
  - Fix developed and tested in box model with GEAR solver:
    - Add 4 new peroxide species from isoprene scheme & treat separately
  - Testing underway to identify efficient solution for LaRC fast solver.
    - Desire to keep mechanism efficient and not add many new species.
    - Attempts to partition not successful to date.
- Fix implemented and tested in LaRC mechanism for GMI model (raises number of species by 4).
- Updated LaRC mechanism implemented in GMI v2, with SMVGEAR II.
  - Two-year runs using 1994 fvgcm winds integrated
  - Currently comparing runs with LaRC and standard chemical mechanisms.





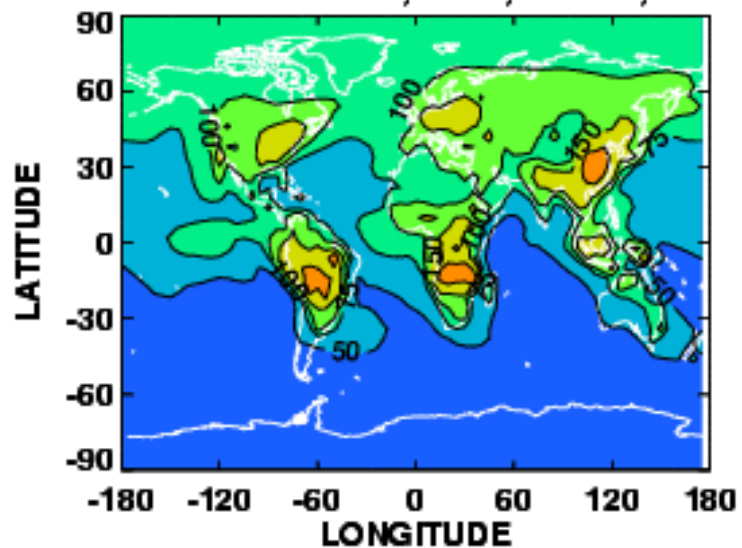




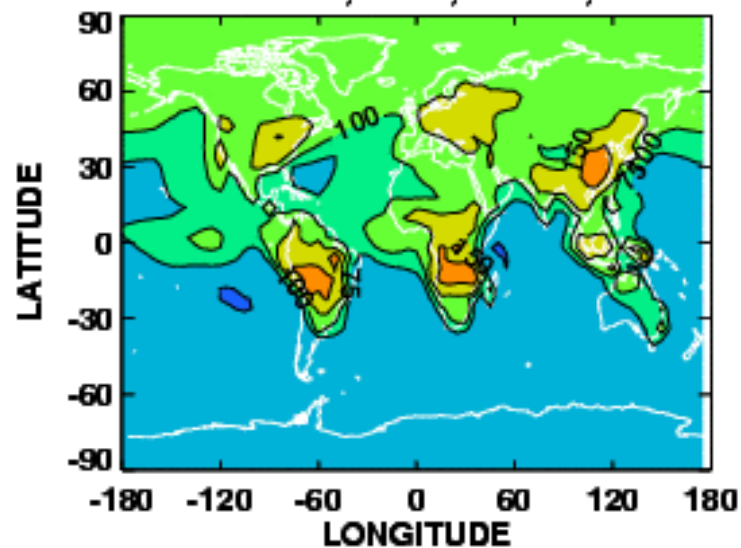




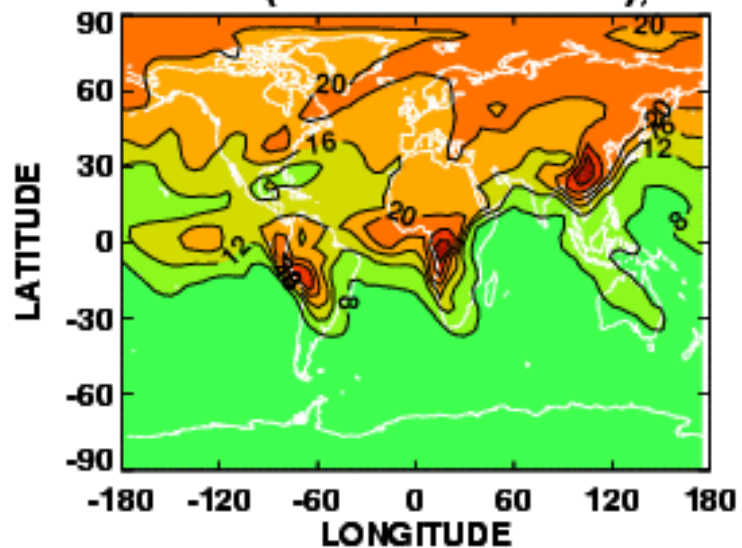
LARCCOMBO CO, SEP, LEV 0, PPBV



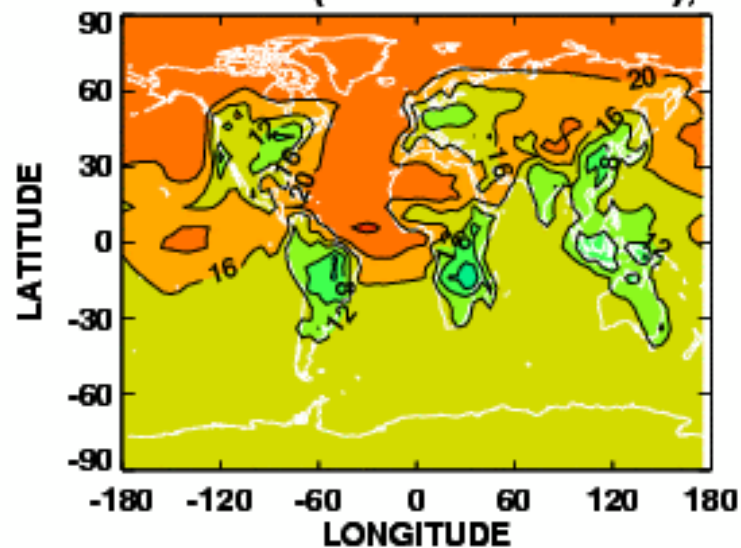
COMBO CO, SEP, LEV 0, PPBV



DIFF CO (COMBO-LCOMBO), SEP

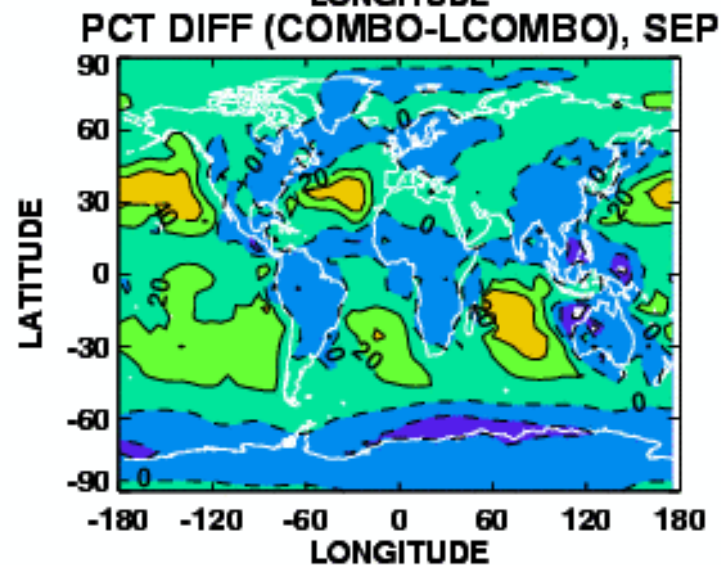
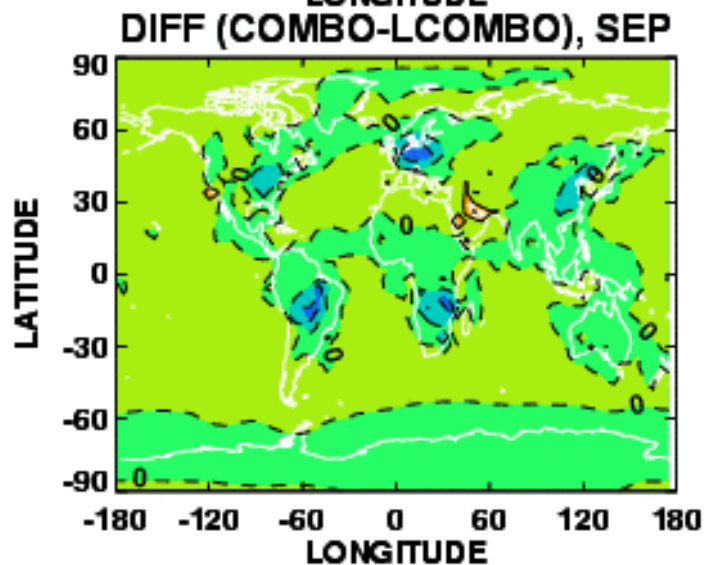
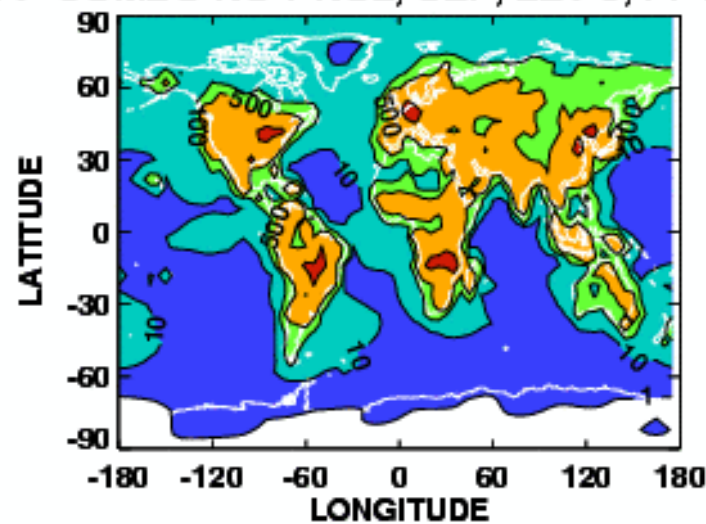
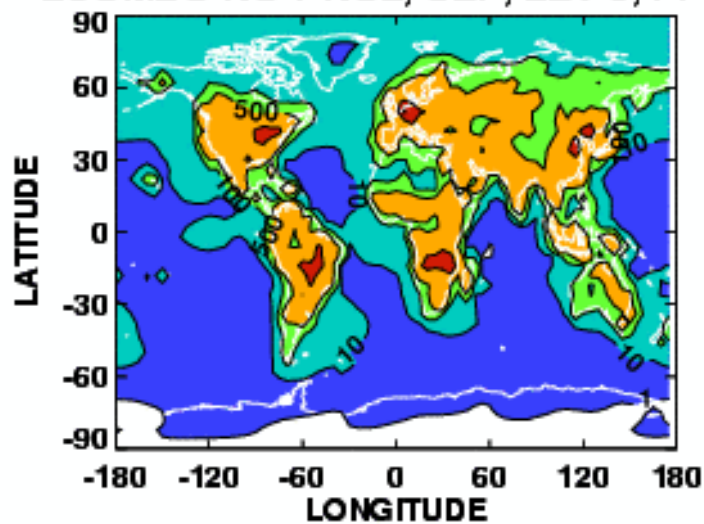


PCT DIFF CO (COMBO-LCOMBO), SEP

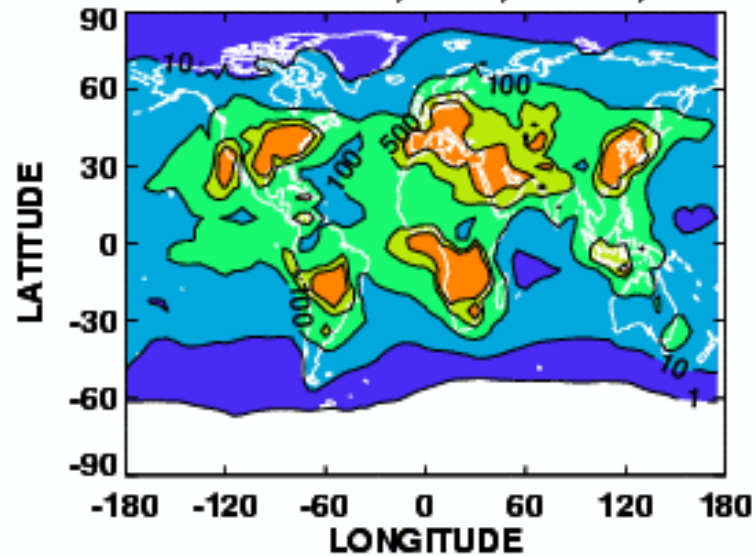




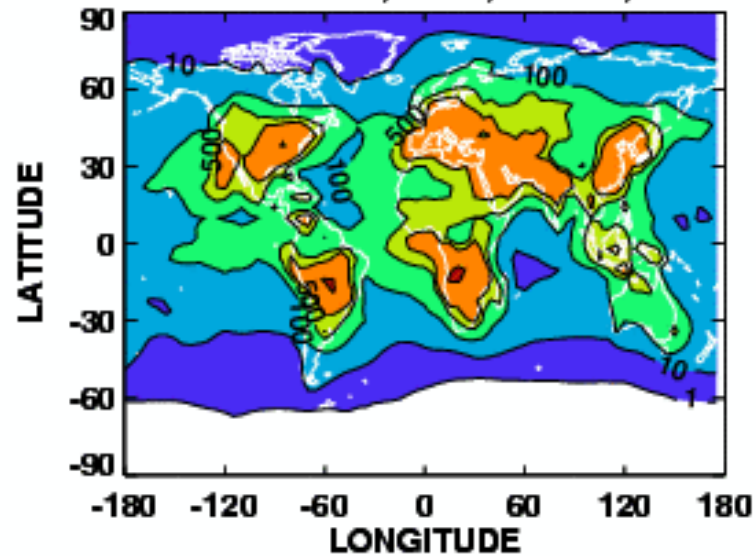
LCOMBO NO + NO<sub>2</sub>, SEP, LEV 0, PPTV COMBO NO + NO<sub>2</sub>, SEP, LEV 0, PPTV



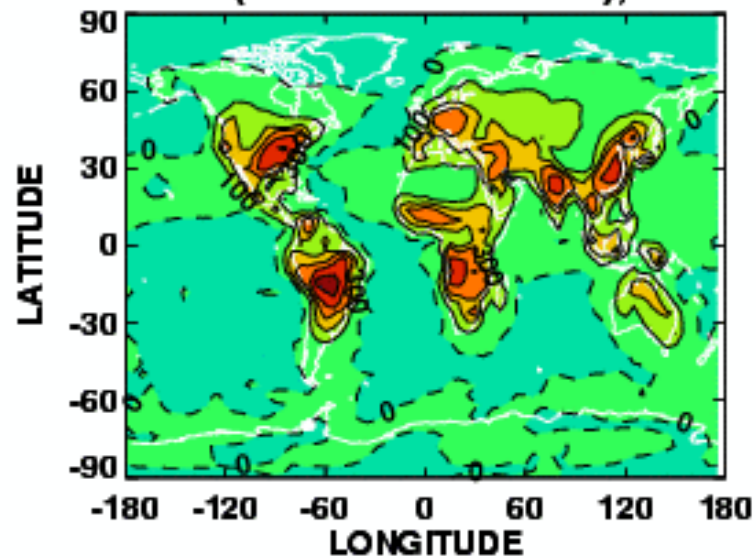
**LCOMBO HNO<sub>3</sub>, SEP, LEV 0, PPTV**



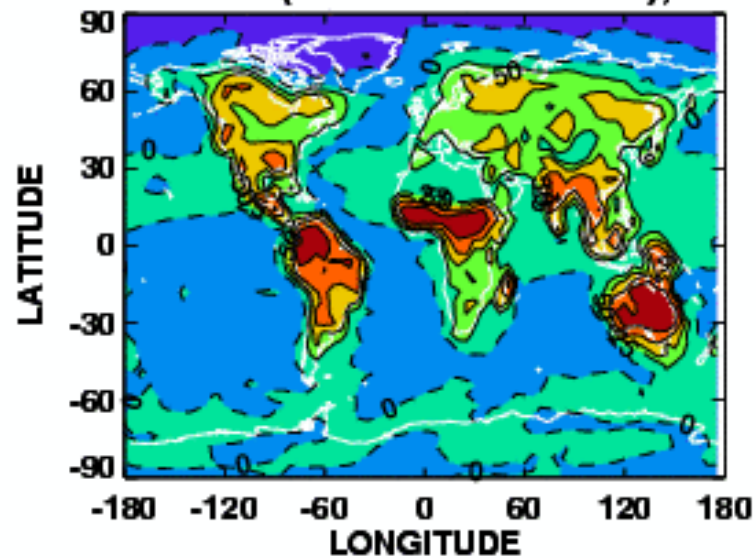
**COMBO HNO<sub>3</sub>, SEP, LEV 0, PPTV**



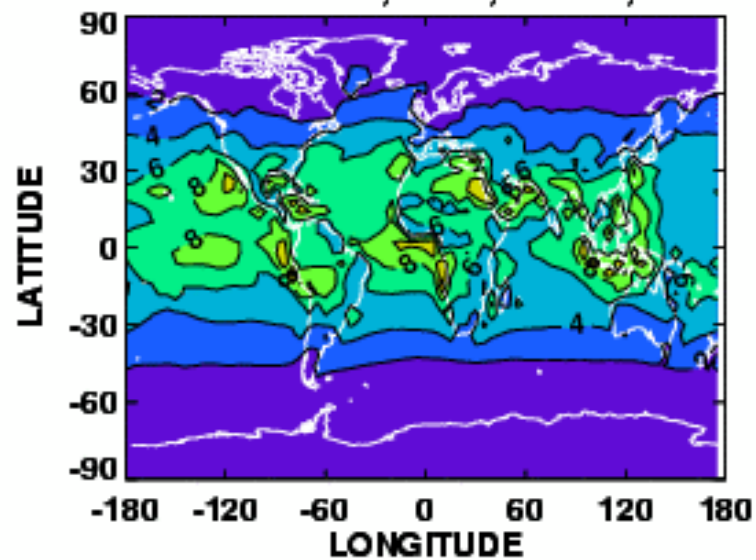
**DIFF (COMBO-LCOMBO), SEP**



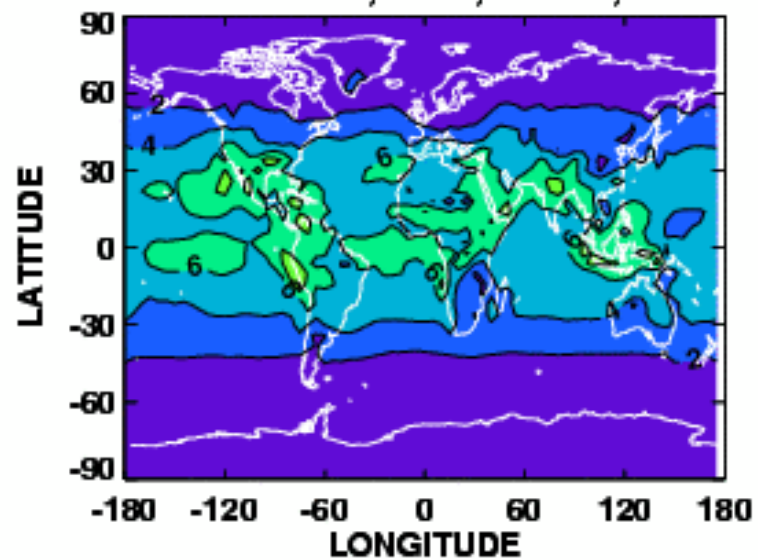
**PCT DIFF (COMBO-LCOMBO), SEP**



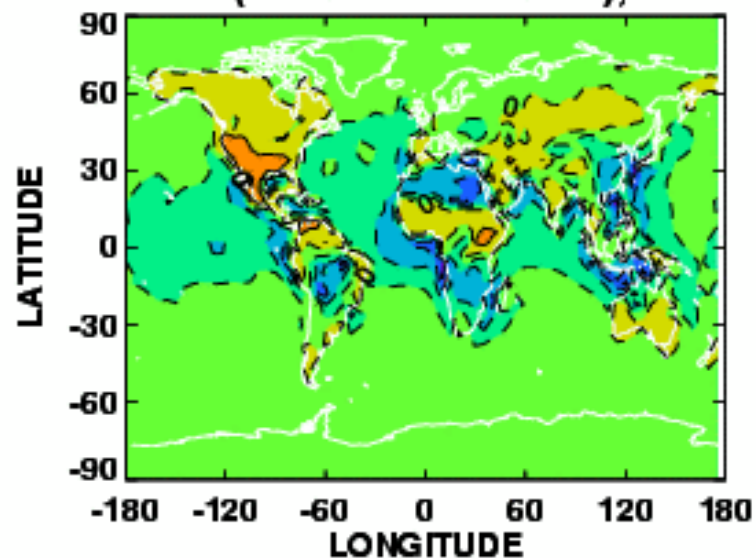
LCOMBO HOX, SEP, LEV 0, PPTV



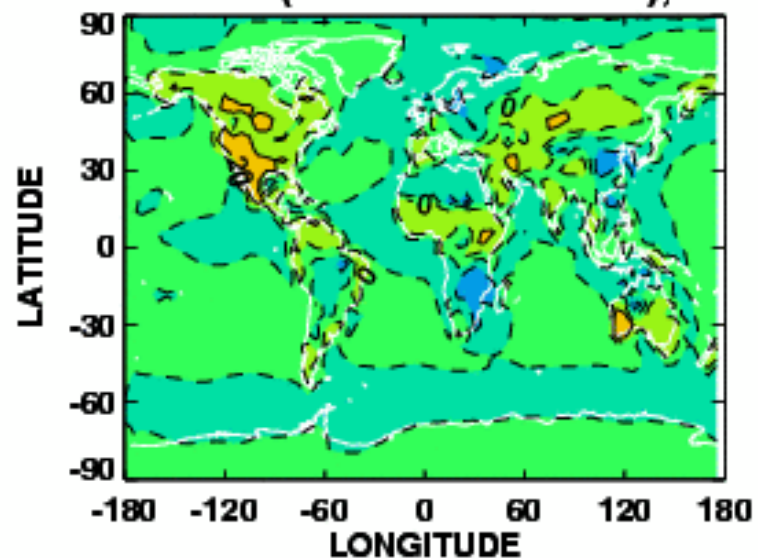
COMBO HOX, SEP, LEV 0, PPTV



DIFF (COMBO-LCOMBO), SEP

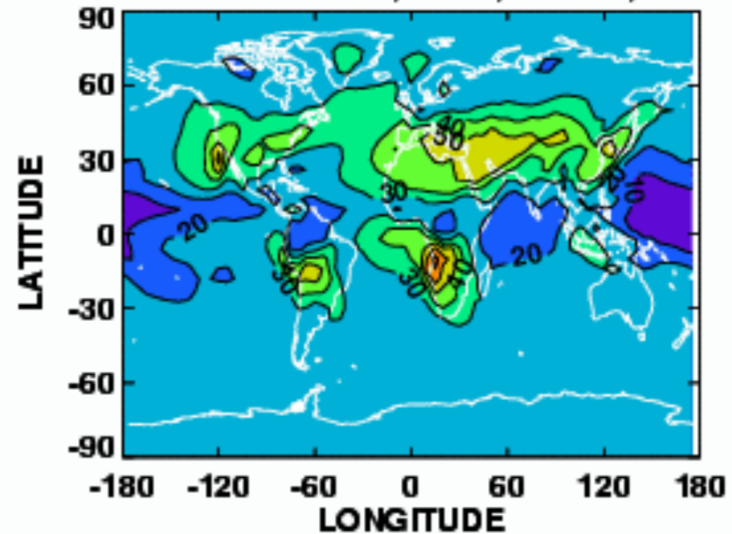


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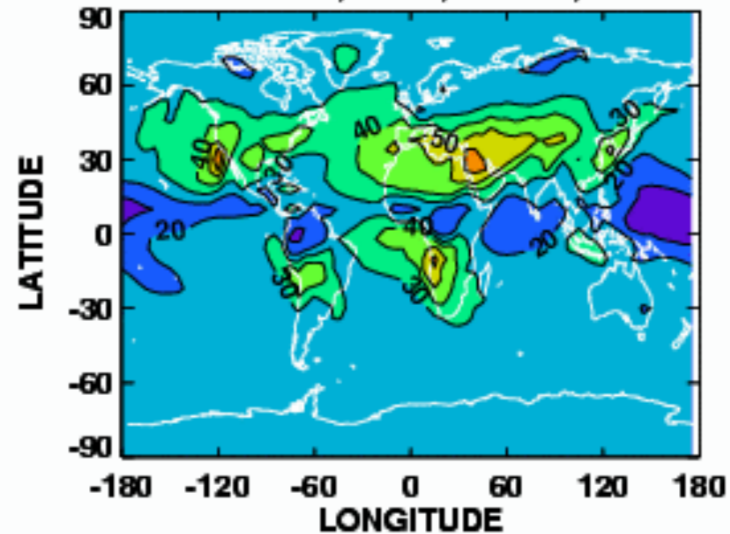




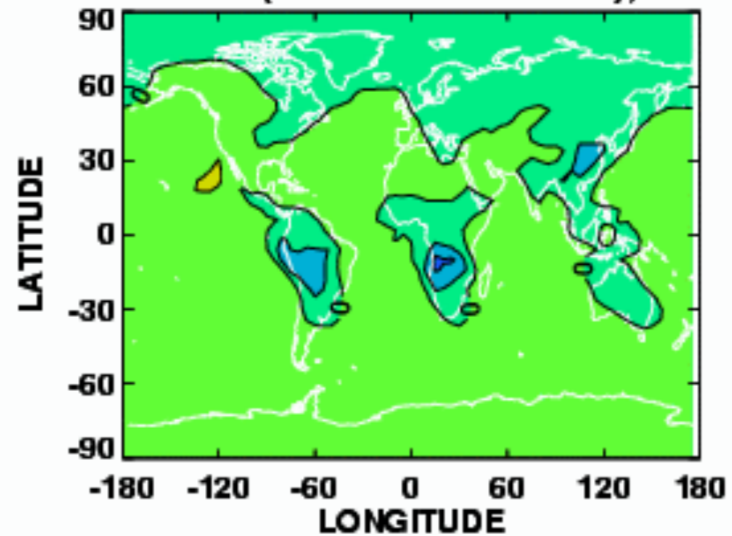
LARCCOMBO O3, SEP, LEV 0, PPBV



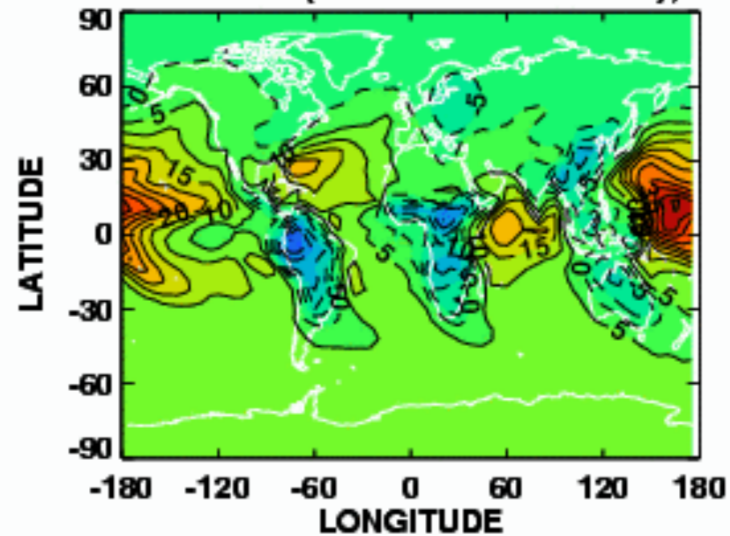
COMBO O3, SEP, LEV 0, PPBV



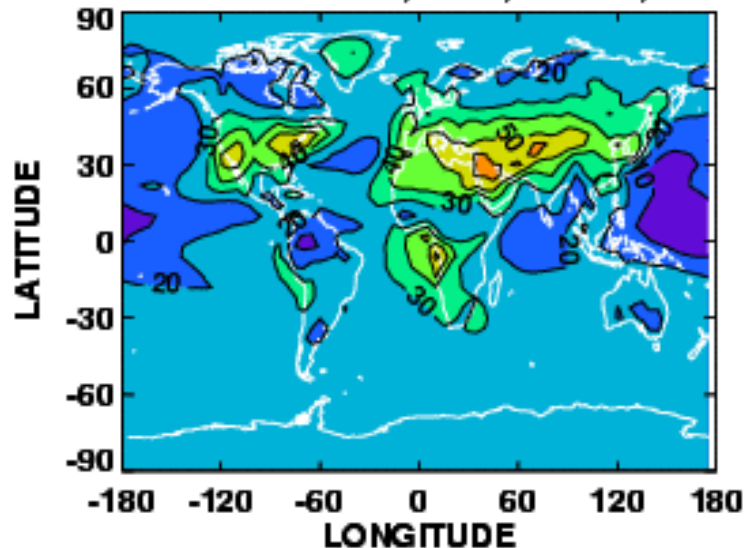
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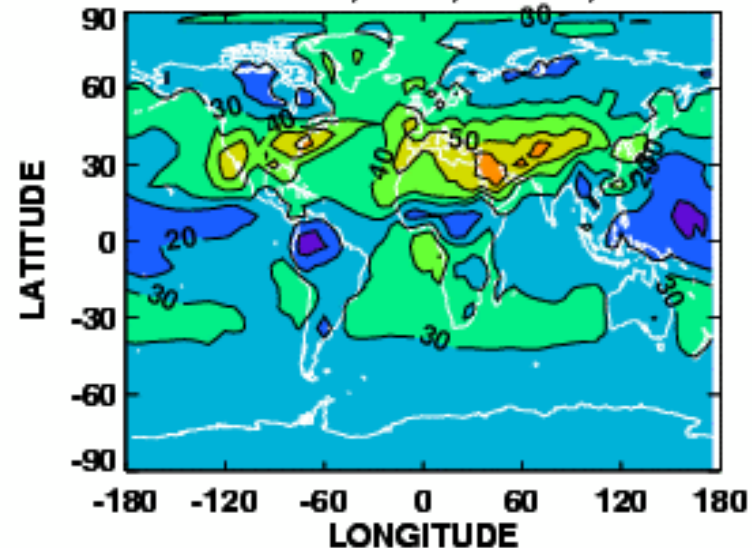
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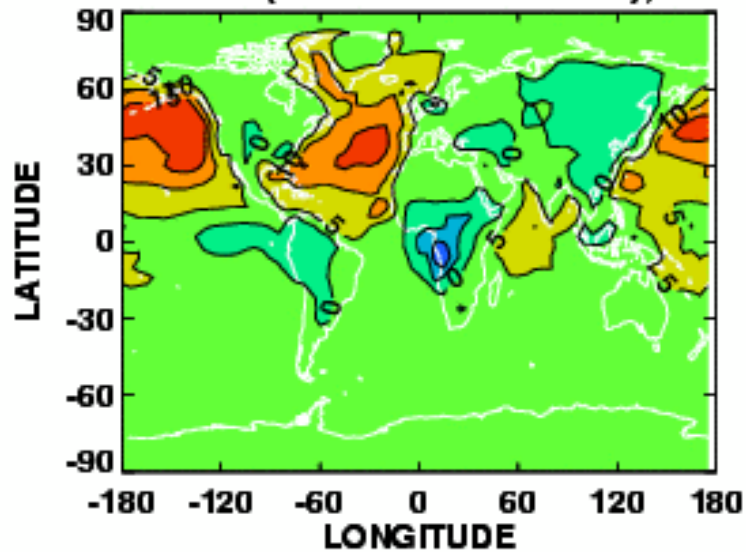
LARCCOMBO O3, JUL, LEV 0, PPBV



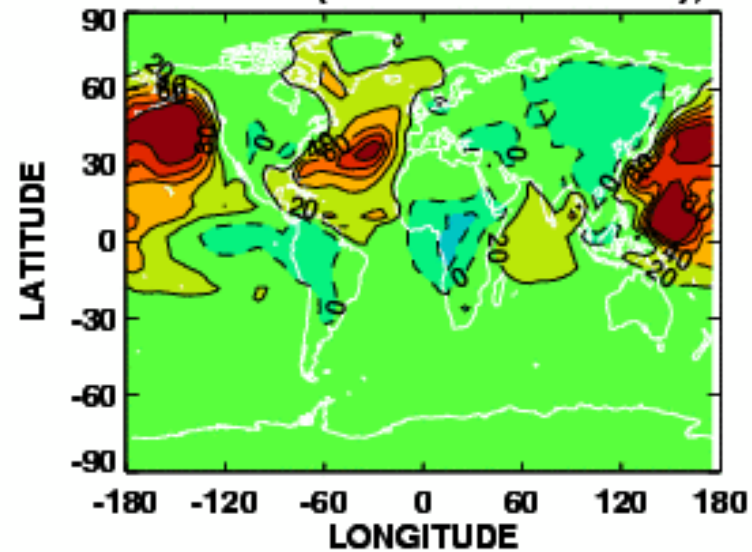
COMBO O3, JUL, LEV 0, PPBV



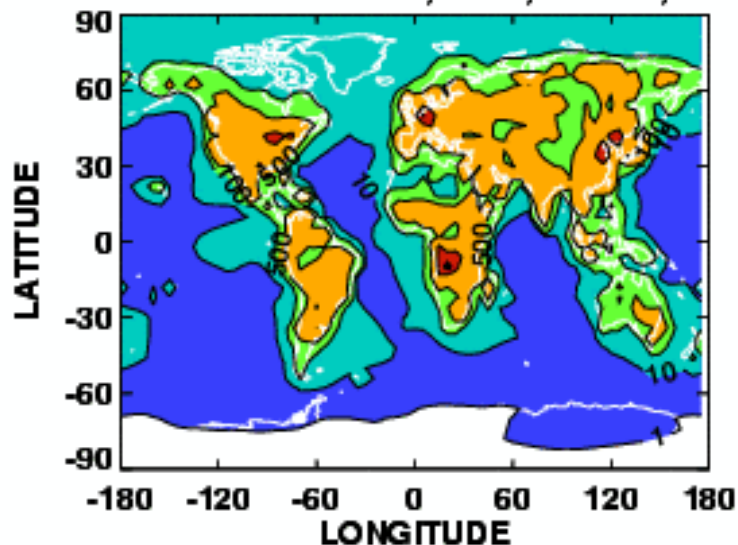
DIFF O3 (COMBO-LCOMBO), JUL



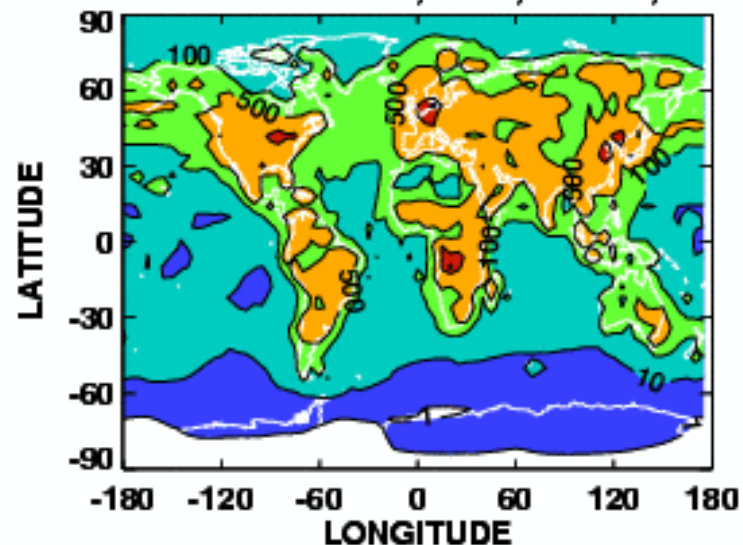
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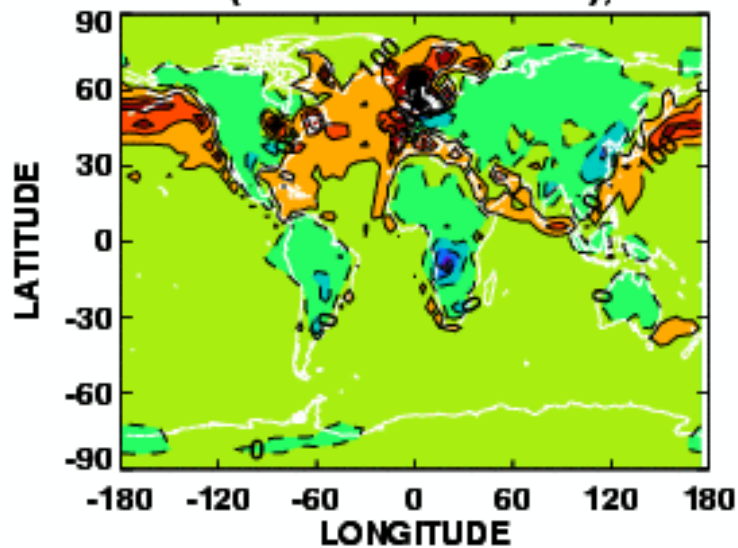
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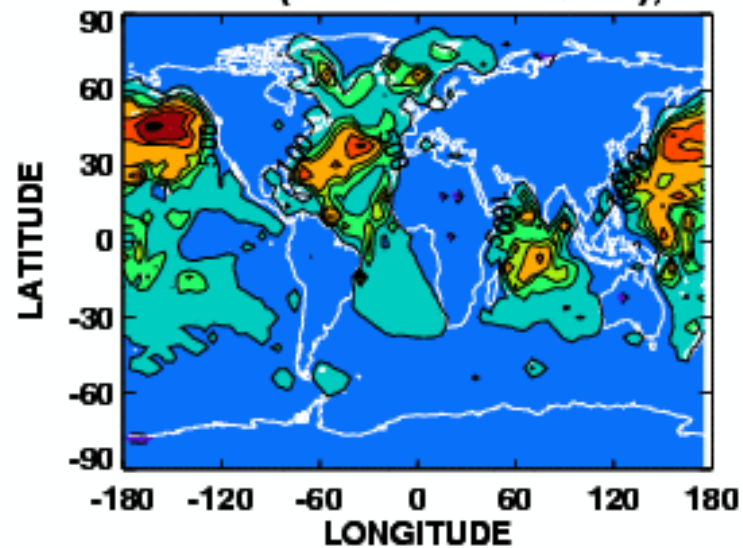
COMBO NO + NO<sub>2</sub>, JUL, LEV 0, PPTV

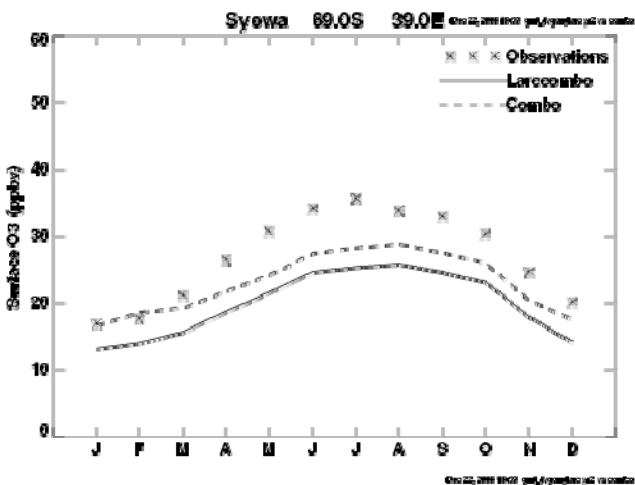
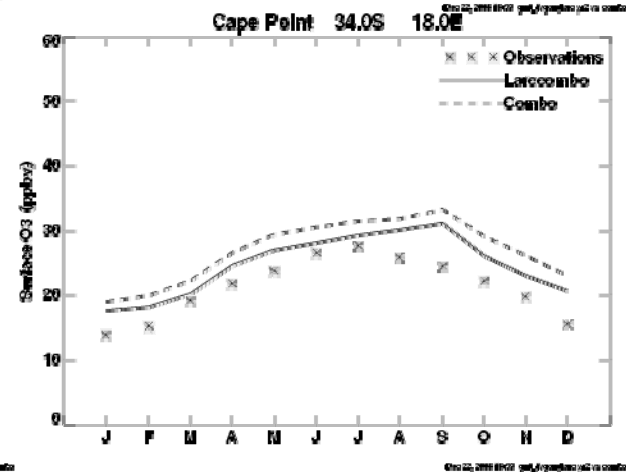
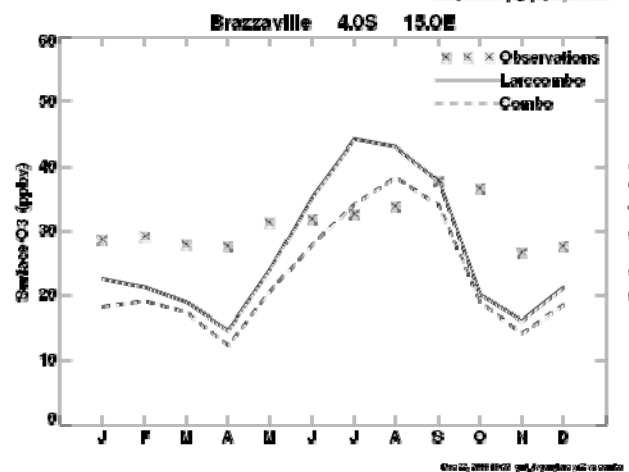
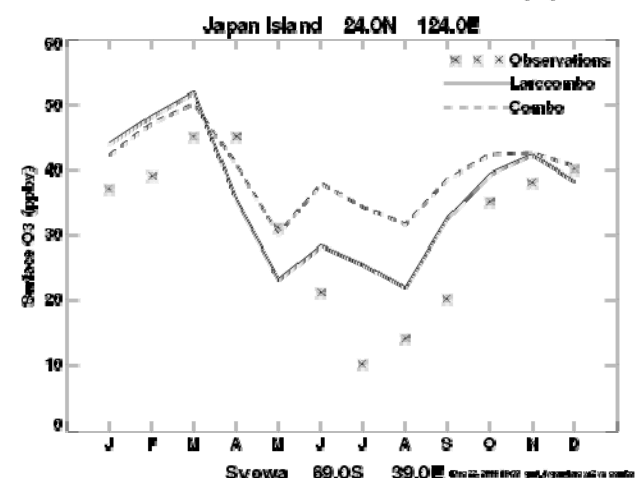
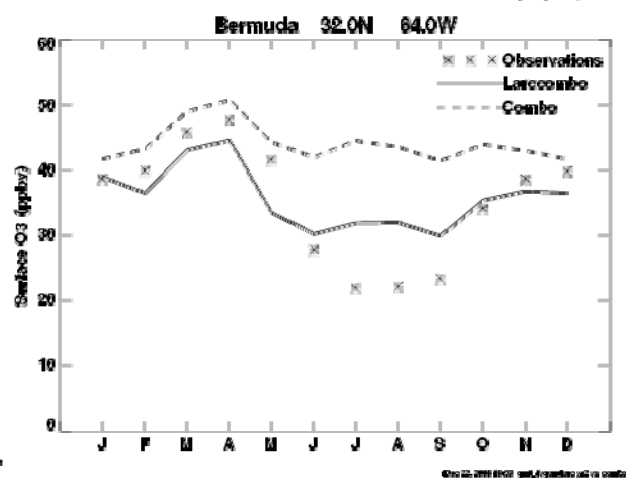
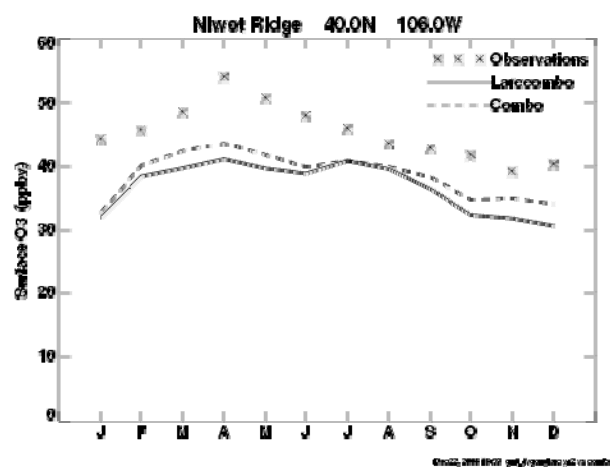
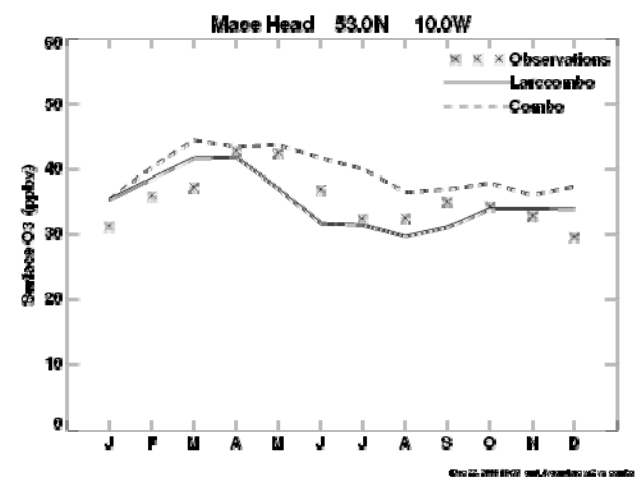
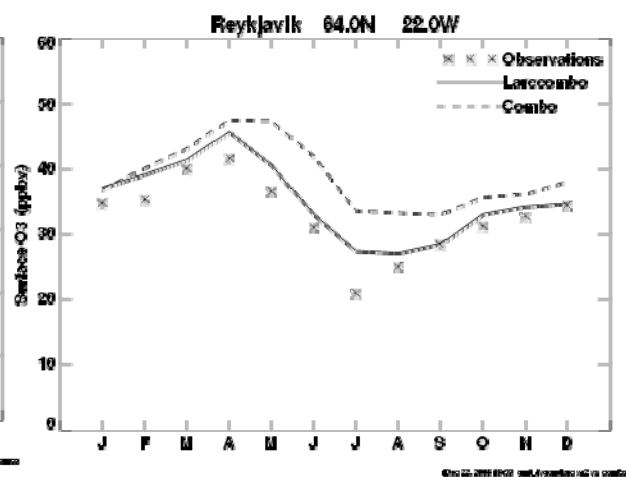
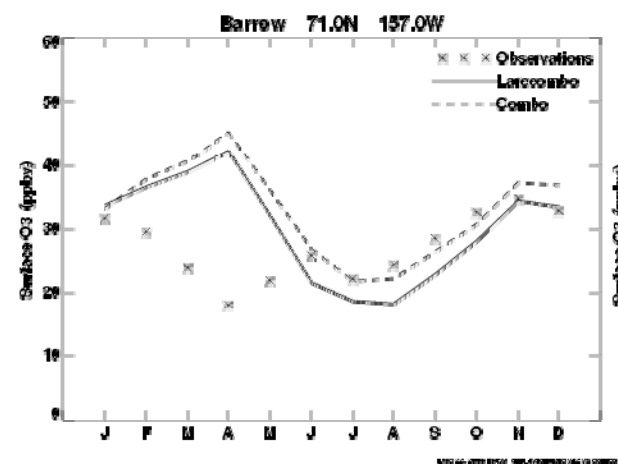


DIFF (COMBO-LCOMBO), JUL



PCT DIFF (COMBO-LCOMBO), JUL









## Conclusions

- GMI Larccombo mechanism generally compares well with standard Combo mechanism.
- Some differences may be trivial (namelist file differences, reaction rate differences, etc.)
- Other differences are possibly mechanistic (e.g., compo species decompose directly to HNO<sub>3</sub>, Larccombo species decompose to organic nitrate, then to HNO<sub>3</sub>).
  - Combo surface O<sub>3</sub> > Larccombo, remote regions  
< Larccombo, continental.
- Ship track NO substantially increases NO<sub>x</sub> and O<sub>3</sub> concentrations along shipping lanes.
- Larccombo O<sub>3</sub> without shipping NO<sub>x</sub> appears to agree better with O<sub>3</sub> obs at remote locations.
  - Is effect of shipping emissions on NO<sub>x</sub> and O<sub>3</sub> overestimated due to instantaneous mixing of emissions to model resolution?
- CO in both simulations somewhat low at surface; Combo tends to be better than Larccombo.